

Section 1 – Identification

Product identifier	REG Renewable Propane (<i>Non-odorized</i>)
Other means of identification	
Synonyms	Bio-Derived LPG, Propane-Butane Mixture, Renewable Liquefied Petroleum Gas, Renewable LPG (<i>non-odorized</i>), Renewable Autogas, LPG, Renewable Propane
Recommended use	Burner fuel, fuel for combustion engines, industrial feedstock, industrial blendstock
Restrictions on use	Not intended for human consumption
Supplier information	REG Marketing & Logistics Group, LLC 416 S. Bell Ave. Ames, IA 50010 (888) 734-8686
Emergency phone number	Call ChemTel LLC for emergency service 24 hours a day (800) 255-3924 (North America) +1 (813) 248-0585 (International)

Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

Classification (in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200)

Hazard Class	Hazard Category	Route of Exposure
Flammable Gases	Category 1	Physical Hazard
Gases Under Pressure	Liquefied Gas	Physical Hazard
Simple Asphyxiant	None	Inhalation

Signal word

Danger

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

H220 Extremely flammable gas, which may form explosive mixtures with air.
 H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces, and other potential ignition sources. No smoking. Ground / bond container and receiving equipment and take precautionary measures against static discharge – including the use of non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Wear appropriate protective gloves, protective garments, and eye protection. Avoid breathing mists and sprays.

Response

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be safely stopped. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage	Protect from sunlight. Store in well-ventilated place.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.
Hazards not otherwise specified	Contact with liquid may cause cold burns or frostbite.
Ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity (if ≥ 1%)	This product is not classified based on testing of the mixture as a whole. Up to 100% of this mixture contains ingredients of unknown acute toxicity.

Section 3 – Composition / Information on Ingredients

Note: This SDS represents a product with batch-to-batch variability and/or a group of substantially similar mixtures

Chemical Name	Common Name & Synonyms	CAS number	% of product
Propane	Liquefied petroleum gas, LPG	74-98-6	>75%
n-Butane	Butane	106-97-8	<25%
2-methyl propane	Isobutane	75-28-5	<25%
2-methyl butane	Isopentane	78-78-4	<5%

Section 4 – First-Aid Measures

First-aid measures for exposure

Inhalation	Remove patient from exposure. If breathing difficulties develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention.
Skin	Liquefied gases may cause cryogenic burns or injury. Treat burned or frostbitten skin by flushing or immersing the affected area(s) in lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Do not remove clothing that adheres due to freezing. After sensation has returned to the frostbitten skin, keep skin warm, dry, and clean. If blistering occurs, apply a sterile dressing. Seek immediate medical attention.
Eyes	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Ingestion	Due to the product's nature to rapidly phase change to vapor at ambient temperature and cryogenic nature, ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important symptoms / effects

Acute	May cause cryogenic burns or injury. Product May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Delayed / Chronic	No information available.
Indication of immediate medical attention	Treat symptomatically and supportively. Note: Due to the potentially cryogenic nature of the product, it may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Special treatment needed, if necessary	No information available.

Section 5 – Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water mist, firefighting foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or clean extinguishing agents (such as Halon or Halotron).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a solid water stream, as it may scatter and spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contains extremely flammable gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products include	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrocarbons.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive re-ignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device. Emergency responders in the immediate area should wear standard firefighting protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full bunker gear. In case of external fires in proximity to storage containers, immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Prevent runoff from entering streams, sewers, storm drains, or drinking water supply.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures	Keep all sources of ignition away from spill. Wear protective garments, impervious oil resistant boots, protective chemical-resistant gloves, and safety glasses. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not enter or stay in area unless monitoring indicates that it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and restrict entry to emergency crew. Contain spill to smallest possible area. Stay upwind and away from spill/release, notify persons downwind of spill/release. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, and other unauthorized treatment drainage systems and natural waterways. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. If material spills into or upon any navigable waters and causes a film or sheen on the surface of the water, immediately notify the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802.
Methods for containment and clean-up	
Small spill / incidental release	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Large spill / release	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Other information	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment. Can accumulate static charge by flow or agitation. Can be ignited by static discharge. Prevent exposure to ignition sources, for example use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use proper bonding and/or ground procedures. However, bonding and grounds may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents.

Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post “No Smoking or Open Flames” signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Precautions for safe handling

A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Impervious clothing should be worn as needed.

Component exposure limits

Component	CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Weight %
Propane	74-98-6	PEL: 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) TWA	1000 ppm TWA	>75%
Butane	106-97-8	REL: 800 ppm (1,900 mg/m ³) TWA	800 ppm TWA	<25%
Iso-Butane	75-28-5	(NIOSH REL) 1000 ppm TWA	None	<25%
Isopentane	78-78-4	None	600 ppm TWA	<5%

Appropriate engineering controls

Keep product enclosed in primary containment (hoses, pipes, tanks, etc.) to avoid contact with skin. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

Individual Protection Measures

Personal protective equipment

Eyes / face	Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, use splash goggles to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. A face shield may be necessary, depending on conditions of use.
Skin	Wear flame retardant clothing (FRC), boots and chemical resistant or leather gloves. See glove manufacturer literature for information on permeability to paraffinic solvents. Inspect gloves, boots and clothing for defect prior to and during use. After removing gloves, wash hands with soap and water.
Respiratory	Use a positive pressure air-supplied respirator (self-contained breathing apparatus – SCBA respiratory protection program that meets regulatory requirements (OSHA’s 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator’s use.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance - Physical State:	Gas (at atmospheric pressure)	Appearance - Color:	Colorless gas / liquid – white vapor
Odor:	Odorless to mild paraffin	Odor Threshold:	<i>No information available</i>
pH:	<i>No information available</i>	Melting/Freezing Point:	<i>No information available</i>
Boiling Point/Range:	-44° C (-47° F)	Flash Point:	<-50° C (<-58° F)
Evaporation Rate:	<i>No information available</i>	Flammability (solid/gas):	Highly flammable gas
LFL:	~1% by volume	UFL:	~9.5% by volume
Vapor Pressure:	~130 psi	Vapor Density:	>1 (air=1)
Relative Density@ 15° C:	<i>No information available</i>	Volatile Organic Compounds:	100%
Solubility (H₂O):	Slightly soluble	Solubility (other):	<i>No information available</i>
Auto Ignition Temp.:	~460° C (~860° F)	Decomposition Temp.:	<i>No information available</i>
Viscosity @ 40° C:	<i>No information available</i>	Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) :	Log Pow: 2.36

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	When handled and stored appropriately, no dangerous reactions are known.
Chemical stability	Stable in closed containers at room temperature under normal storage and handling conditions. Extremely flammable. Vapor can cause flash fire if it comes into contact with an ignition source.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Can form explosive atmosphere in air. May react violently with strong acids and strong oxidizers.
Conditions to avoid	Ignition sources or accumulation of static electricity.
Incompatible materials	Keep away from strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, strong acids, and strong bases.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides, hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen oxides, and hydrocarbons.

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

Likely routes of exposure	Absorption, ingestion, and inhalation.
Symptoms	
Inhalation	Coughing, irritation, or asphyxiation.

Ingestion	Due to the product's nature to rapidly phase change to vapor at ambient temperature and cryogenic nature, ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
Skin contact	Redness or irritation. Liquefied gases may cause cryogenic burns or injury.
Eye contact	Redness or irritation and tearing. Liquefied gases may cause cryogenic burns or injury.
Acute toxicity	
Oral	No information available.
Dermal	No information available.
Inhalation	<p>Propane (74-98-6)</p> <p>LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) 658 mg/l/4h</p> <p>ATE US (vapors) 658.000 mg/l/4h</p> <p>ATE US (dust, mist) 658.000 mg/l/4h</p>
	Liquefied petroleum gas acts as a simple asphyxiant, acts by displacing oxygen in the lungs thereby diminishing the supply of oxygen available to the blood and tissue.
Skin corrosion / irritation	Direct contact with skin, mucous membranes or eyes with liquefied product or cold vapor may cause freeze burns and frostbite.
Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Direct contact with skin, mucous membranes or eyes with liquefied product or cold vapor may cause freeze burns and frostbite.
Sensitization (<i>Respiratory or Skin</i>)	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA
Component carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive / developmental toxicity	No information available.
Specific target organ toxicity	
Single exposure	No information available.
Repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

Section 12 – Ecological Information

Acute ecotoxicity – short or long-term exposure	There is a potential for one ingredient (iso-pentane, <5%) to cause long-term adverse effects on aquatic environments. Other ingredients of this product have no known ecological damage.
Fish	No information available.
Invertebrates	No information available.
Algae	No information available.



Persistence and degradability	This substance is biodegradable, and is unlikely to persist.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bio accumulate.
Mobility in soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
Other adverse effects	None.

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

Disposal (<i>waste / unwanted product</i>)	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Disposal (<i>containers with residue</i>)	Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Dispose of all containers with residue according to local, state, regional, and federal regulations.

Section 14 – Transport Information

DOT

ID Number	UN 1978 (Domestic only: UN/NA 1075)
UN Proper Shipping Name	Propane
Transport Hazard Class(es)	2.1
Packing Group	Not applicable
Placard	Flammable Gas
Marine Pollutant	No
Transport in Bulk Requirements	No information available
Special Transportation Provisions	19, T50
Special Note	No information available
Shipping Label	
Placard <i>(Shipment by truck or rail in bulk)</i>	

Section 15 – Regulatory Information

Inventory Listings

DSL Listed Exempt
 TSCA Listed Exempt

U.S. Federal Regulations

EPA (CERCLA) reportable quantity: none

Clean Air Act section 112, Threshold Quantities:

Propane (CAS# 74-98-6); 10,000 lbs Butane (CAS# 106-97-8); 10,000 lbs
 i-Butane (CAS# 75-28-5); 10,000 lbs i-Pentane (CAS# 78-78-4); 10,000 lbs

Clean Water Act: This product does not contain any chemicals regulated as toxic pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 401.15) when used as recommended.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Hazard Class
Flammable Gases
Gases Under Pressure
Simple Asphyxiant
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) – see Section 2 for more information

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations:

State: MA, NJ, PA

Component	CAS Number
Propane	74-98-6

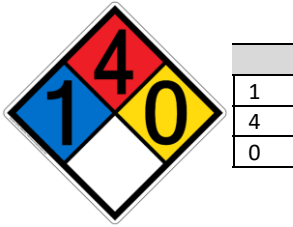
Section 16 – Other Information

Issuing Date: Jan 07, 2014

Revision Date: March 10th, 2022

Version #: 20220310

Revision Note: Updated REG logo.



WARNING: POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS MATERIAL. IMPROPER USE OR MISHANDLING CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS SUBSTANCES WHICH, IF MODIFIED, MAY BE FLAMABLE AND MAY BURN OR EXPLODE IF HEATED OR EXPOSED TO FLAME OR OTHER IGNITION SOURCE OR WATER, OXIDIZING AGENTS, ACIDS OR OTHER CHEMICALS. AVOID INGESTION, INHALATION AND CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES.

Disclaimer:

The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of SDS